(LVIIth YEAR.) THE (No. 2865.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1801.

GENOA, September 16.

A COURIER has arrived here from Paris, who has brought a new conſtitution for our republic, which was yeſterday laid before our government and legiſlative body. The principal features of it are; Genoa is again to have a Doge, 30 ſenators, and a legiſlative aſſembly of 70 members, who muſt poſſeſs property to the amount of at leaſt 10,000 livres. One fifth of that body is to go out every year, and be replaced by new members.

PARIS, October 13.

Yeſterday the ſignature of peace between the French republic and his majeſty the emperor of all the Ruſſias, was announced by the diſcharge of ſixty cannon.

The brother of citizen Otto arrived at Paris at 8 in the evening this day; he left London on the 11th. Citizen Lauriſton, aid-de-camp of the firſt conſul, arrived at London on the 10th, at ten in the morning, and the exchange of ratifications took place in the courſe of the day. In the evening there was a general illumination.

Citizen Lauriſton took the earlieſt opportunity of paying a viſit to lord Hawkeſbury, Mr. Addington, and lord St. Vincent; he dined with lord Hawkeſbury. Mr. Addington ſaid to him, "this is not an ordinary peace, it is a reconciliation between the two firſt nations in the world."

Lord St. Vincent ſaid to citizen Lauriſton, "that he would immediately diſpatch packets to every part of the world, to put a ſtop to hoſtilities, that the leaſt delay might occaſion the death of a great many men, and that civilized Europe had loſt too many during this long war."

Citizen Lauriſton was received with every mark of diſtinction, both by the government and the people.

The firſt conſul, on his part, has been impreſſed with a deep ſenſe of the teſtimonies of eſteem ſhewn for him on this occaſion by the Engliſh.

Citizen Vincent, chef de brigade, director of engineers at St. Domingo, has arrived at Paris. He has brought ſeveral letters from Touſſaint Louverture, and an official copy of the conſtitution, which is preſented for the approbation of the mother country. This project will be ſubmitted in a few days to the diſcuſſion of the council of ſtate.

LONDON, October 11.

The iſland of Trinidad has received more improvement during the ſhort time it has been in Britiſh poſſeſſion, than it probably would, had it continued half another century in the hands of Spain; and as a ſugar iſland, its value is ſo great, that with half the labour and expence (thoſe who beſt know it confeſs) it may be made to produce more ſugar and rum than Jamaica itſelf. The country is flat and level; the ſoil remarkably rich, and free from woods, well ſupplied with water. It is as healthy as any iſland in the Weſt-Indies, and much more ſo than moſt of them. Little of the land has hitherto been cultivated, through the indolence of its former poſſeſſors; and it may be very truly ſaid, that none of it has been worn out; which cannot be ſaid of moſt of the other iſlands. We ſcarcely know a ſituation holding out more advantages to a man of enterprize, with a moderate property.—It has alſo advantages beyond thoſe we have ſtated, by its immediate proximity to the continent of Spaniſh America, by which a commerce offers, though, perhaps, ſomewhat clandeſtine, yet which it would neither be poſſible nor prudent in Spain to check, to an extent almoſt unbounded.—Certain articles of the manufacture of this country are there in the higheſt demand, and we receive in return the treaſures of Mexico and Peru.

The iſland of Ceylon, it is contended by the inhabitants, was the primitive Eden. They ſhew, on the top of a ſteep rock in the centre of the iſland, the perfect impreſſion of a man's foot, which they aſſert to be that of Adam; and a neighbouring pool, they ſay, was firſt filled by the tears of Eve for the loſs of Abel!

The French general Dugua, lately returned from Egypt, brought home two copies of a remarkable inſcription found on a piece of black and extremely fine-grained granite. The inſcription is three-fold: one portion preſents a ſucceſſion of hieroglyphics in ſeveral regular lines. Another portion, which has not yet been ſufficiently examined, preſents a greater number of lines, in characters which leave ſome uncertainty, and which require a very attentive examination. The remaining portion conſiſts of 53 lines in Greek. One of the members of the French inſtitute, having undertaken to read and explain this part, thinks it a monument of gratitude of ſome prieſts of Alexandria, or ſome neighbouring place, towards Ptolemy Epiphanes. Buonaparte, to gratify the curioſity of the literati in every country, gave immediate orders to have the inſcription engraved; after which it will be ſubmitted to the examination of the learned through all Europe.

O'Brien, the Iriſh giant, lately died at Briſtol. He was eight feet ſix inches in height, and when firſt exhibited to the public, was ſo affected by a ſenſe of humiliation, that when treated with any thing like reſpect by his ſpectators, he has been known to ſhed tears. In time he became callous, and was, as will be remembered by thoſe who have latterly ſeen him, remarkably ſurly and unaccommodating.

Letters received from on board La Determinee frigate, of 24 guns, captain J. C. Searle, dated off Alexandria, the 26th July, ſtate, that ſhe had fallen in with and captured a French corvette of 10 guns and 60 men, with a valuable cargo, and ten thouſand pounds in ſpecie, to pay the French army in Alexandria.

The late ſtorms have done very great damage in the Baltic. More than 20 veſſels are ſuppoſed to have been loſt in the courſe of a fortnight, amongſt which are two Ruſſian men of war and an Engliſh veſſel carrying horſes to St. Peterſburg, without a ſingle man being ſaved. Every where bodies and wrecks are ſeen floating and driving on ſhore.

October 16—17.

Government have received an official intimation, by the laſt conveyance from France, of the appointment of Joſeph Buonaparte to the office of plenipotentiary, on the part of the French government, to meet the marquis Cornwallis at Amiens, in order to put the ſeal of form to the treaty of peace. Miniſters from Madrid and the Hague are alſo to repair to the ſeat of negotiation. This congreſs is expected to ſit only three or four days, the buſineſs to be arranged by its members being little more than a matter of formality. The marquis Cornwallis's inſtructions are preparing, and his lordſhip, accompanied by colonel Littlehales, will ſet out for France in a day or two.

Mr. Hunter, the meſſenger, ſailed from Dover on Wedneſday for Calais with diſpatches, announcing to the French government the appointment of the marquis Cornwallis as the negotiator on the part of Great-Britain. The Prince of Wales and another packet, are to attend the orders of his lordſhip.

The letters from Portſmouth, Plymouth and Sheerneſs, in our naval regiſter, ſtate, that ſeveral more ſhips of war are about to be paid off at thoſe ports. The reduction of our forces will be gradual, ſo as to have the peace eſtabliſhment completed ſhortly after the ratification of the definitive treaty.

Mr. St. John, brother to Madame Otto, has left town for Paris, charged with his majeſty's ratifications of preliminaries of peace. The marquis Cornwallis is expected to ſet out this day or to-morrow for Amiens, where the definitive treaty will immediately be ſigned. The formal proclamation of peace will take place early in the month of November.

Report ſays, that the duke de Laincourt is the perſon intended to be ſent by Buonaparte to this country, as ambaſſador from the French republic. M. Otto, it is added, will be ſent as miniſter plenipotentiary to America.

Citizen Vincent, ſent by Touſſaint Louverture to bring the new conſtitution of St. Domingo to France, arrived at Bourdeaux on the 30th of September, and ſet out from that city to Paris on the 2d of October.

The biſhop of Orleans has addreſſed the following letter to the firſt conſul of France:

General Conſul,

Permit me to reſign into your hands the biſhopric of Orleans, to which I was nominated in 1780 as a coadjutor, of which I got poſſeſſion in 1788 as titular biſhop, and which I kept till the end of 1793, on account of my adherence to the civil conſtitution of the clergy as it was decreed in 1790. Accept the aſſurances of my reſpect and ſincere devotion.

ALEX. JARENTE.

Valence, October 2.

The debt owing to this country by France for the keeping of her priſoners, amounts to very little leſs than 2,000,000l. ſterling.

October 20.

Private letters from Arenſburg, dated October 7, ſtate, that the chapter of Cologne have proceeded to the election of a new elector, and that the choice has fallen on his royal highneſs the archduke Anthony.

Diſpatches were on Monday night, at 12 o'clock, ſent off expreſs to Portſmouth, to be forwarded to the Mediterranean by the Earl St. Vincent.

Admiral Blanket, in conſequence of bad health, is about to return to England from the Eaſt-Indies.

Wedneſday the volunteers for the navy were paid off and diſcharged from on board the Expedition Tender, Waterford. It is ſaid this veſſel and others ſimilarly employed, will be uſed in taking back to France the priſoners who are to be given up.

A letter from captain Pulling, of the Britiſh ſloop of war Kangaroo, informs of a ſucceſsful attack made by that ſloop and the Speedy, on a Spaniſh convoy in the harbour of Oropeſo, defended by a battery of 12 guns, a xebec of 20 guns and 3 gun boats. They ſunk the xebec and two of the boats, and made prize of three of the convoy, richly laden; and blew up the tower of Almanara.

Peace is expected to be proclaimed immediately at Paris between Ruſſia and France.

The concluſion of the diet of Ratiſbon was expected to be drawn up on the 2d of October.

It is ſaid that the emperor of Ruſſia was near being drowned juſt before his departure for Moſcow.

An article from Algeſiras mentions the capture of the Mercury, of 12 guns. She was bound to London, and had on board a major of the 72d regiment coming from Malta.

SALEM, November 24.

Major Lazell of the town of Bridgewater, Maſſachuſetts, has lately invented a machine to clear ground of ſtones, and to expedite the making of wall; whereby rocks of two tuns weight may be taken out of the earth, loaded upon wheels, and carried and laid into a line of wall, with ſurpriſing eaſe and expedition.

BOSTON, November 25.

AMERICAN CHEESE IN ENGLAND.

Extract of a letter from a phyſician of great eminence in London, to his friend near Boston.

"The two cheeſes came ſafely to hand and were truly acceptable. At an entertainment not long ſince, at my country reſidence at Grove-hill, which was very numerous, I could hardly convince ſome of my gueſts that the cheeſe was any other than Engliſh, until I ſhewed the mark on them of "*Callender's cheeſe cellar, Boſton.*" They all agreed that they would have done credit to the firſt dairies in England."

From Ruſſia—Late.

Accounts received here from Ruſſia, ſtate, that a party ſpirit runs high in the capital of that empire.—That Conſtantine, brother to the emperor, who is equally hated and deſpiſed by the greater part of the nation—is at the head of a "ſect" devoted to France, and acted upon by the intrigues of Duroc;—whereas the emperor conſiders the true intereſts of his country to conſiſt in a forcible oppoſition to the introduction of French principles and manners. Of conſequence his predilections are more ſtrongly in favour of the Engliſh than the French.

PHILADELPHIA, December 3.

Captain Woods, of the ſhip Commerce, who arrived at New-York on Tueſday, in 20 days from Guadaloupe, informs, that he was embargoed there 20 days, in conſequence of an inſurrection on the part of the negroes, headed by general Pelage; that the inſurgents ſeized the perſon of general La Croſſe, and put him on board a Daniſh ſhip for Copenhagen; and that the veſſel was captured by the Engliſh frigate Tamar, and carried into Martinique.

December 5.

A gentleman direct from Waſhington county, Pennſylvania, informs of the following ſingular affair, which happened there ſome time ſince. Three young women appeared (all in the courſe of a few weeks) before a juſtice of the peace, and ſwore each of them, a child to a Mr. ——, a young man in the ſame neighbourhood. But, on their being delivered, inſtead of one a piece, the firſt had two, the ſecond three, and the third four fine children. The young man waited until the laſt was delivered, but finding his offſpring increaſing ſo faſt, thought proper to diſappear. His father has collected them together and keeps them at his own houſe. [*Huntingdon Gaz.*]

We are authoriſed from a reſpectable ſource to contradict the report received yeſterday from Alexandria, of Spain having declared war againſt the United States. On the contrary the court of Madrid is more diſpoſed than ever to harmonize with this government.

A new mode of grinding corn.

Draw a circle ſufficiently large to take a ſegment of the ſize of your lower ſtone, place the convex ſide upwards, and then reſt the upper or working ſtone with its concave part to fit the other, by this means you give the meal or a thick fluid, liberty to run off, and more work will be done. [*Lon. paper.*]

ALEXANDRIA, November 30.

The following was handed by Mr. John Bulkely, American conſul at Liſbon, to captain Coleman, for publication.

"*Liſbon, 8th October, 1801.*

"By a letter from Cadiz, dated 11th Auguſt, it appears that the Spaniards had captured and carried into Algeziras five American veſſels, all richly laden;

two of which belonged to Meſſrs. Willings and Francis, bound to Leghorn.

"By another do. dated Algeſiras, the 21ſt September, the Spaniards had further captured the "Molly, of Philadelphia, which they condemned, and the ſhip Perſeverance, captain Knox, had been ſent in there, though her deſtination was for Naples, with ſtrict injunctions not to touch at Gibraltar."

"The 20th September, the United States frigate George Waſhington, arrived at Gibraltar from Philadelphia."

We are informed, that a ſon of Carter Harriſon, of Maycox, in Prince-George's county, has been cured of a CANCER, by the application of the DOCK ROOT. The dock uſed in this caſe, we underſtand, was the narrow leaf dock—the root was boiled, the cancer bathed with the decoction and the pulp applied to it.

We are induced to repeat the publication, from having been informed by Mr. Harriſon, that the facts, as therein ſtated, are literally true—and that the cancer with which his ſon was afflicted, was repreſented to him as being of the worſt kind.

[*Petersburg Intelligencer.*]

BALTIMORE, December 2.

We underſtand that ſome improvements are projected in the carriage of the mails in the United States. It is contemplated that the mail ſhall paſs from New-York to Boſton in 48 hours, and ſhall not be interrupted by the laws for preventing travelling on Sunday!

December 3.

FRANCE and ENGLAND.

LAND and SEA.

The victories of the French armies during the late war have unqueſtionably been brilliant; but the triumphs of the Britiſh navy, have equalled, if not ſurpaſſed, that brilliancy; and have not been exceeded in any war ſince the time of the Engliſh *Alfred*. During this war the French, Spaniſh and Dutch marine have been ſo crippled as to be obliged to keep almoſt conſtantly in port; deſtruction having awaited them whenever they ventured beyond the reach of their land batteries. In that time the Engliſh have captured from the powers oppoſed to her, or deſtroyed in action, eighty-one ſail of the line—three fifty gun ſhips—one hundred and eighty-three frigates—and two hundred and twenty-four ſloops of war—mounting, in all, fourteen thouſand ſix hundred and ninety guns. Beſides eight hundred and fifty privateers. During this time the Britiſh have loſt in action but five ſail of the line, one fifty, eleven frigates, and thirty-four ſloops of war, mounting to one thouſand and ten guns. Making a difference in favour of Great-Britain of four hundred and thirty-five ſhips, and thirteen thouſand two hundred and thirty guns.

[*Boston Centinel.*]

December 4.

A letter dated Gibraltar, September 22, ſays, "A convoy is expected here in a few days from England, and I think we ſhall put ourſelves under it, and go up as high as Minorca, which will put us out of danger from any Tripolitan pirate. Our government does not ſeem to have the proper ideas of this Tripolitan war or they would furniſh us with ſome ſmall veſſels of 12 or 16 guns. Theſe would anſwer every purpoſe of convoy, as there is no Tripolitan whom they could not beat off, and the expence to government would be very much diminiſhed, while at the ſame time the protection to us would be equally effectual."

Annapolis, December 10.

TO THE PUBLIC.

City of Annapolis, December 7, 1801.

A REPORT having been circulated in different parts of Anne-Arundel county, "that for work done by me for Governor Mercer, Mr. Duvall, and other republicans, I had made the moſt extravagant demands, and for the like ſervices for federal gentlemen I had made little or no charge," with an intention of injuring my reputation as a public printer, I take this method of declaring that the ſaid report is a baſe and malicious falſehood. The following letters from the above-mentioned gentlemen will prove the falſity of it, and evince the rectitude of my conduct.

F. GREEN.

From his excellency the Governor.

"With reſpect to the report to which you allude I can ſay nothing. I can only ſay, that I never have complained, nor had cauſe to complain, of extravagance in your charges againſt me in the line of your profeſſion. All political and private work which you have done for me for fourteen years paſt, has been promptly executed, and at reaſonable rates, and no one has ever been authoriſed by me to inſinuate any thing to the contrary of this."

From Gabriel Duvall, Eſquire.

"I cannot account for the report which is ſaid to be circulating in this county, "that for work done by you for me, and other republican characters, you had made the moſt extravagant charges, &c." as it is without foundation, it was not authoriſed by me. So far from making an extravagant charge againſt me, you made *no charge at all*. Although ſome of my publications were long, and were continued occaſionally from June to November, in the year 1800, you refuſed to accept of any compenſation. I have frequently mentioned your liberality on the occaſion. I may add, that I have never been charged by you more, for ſervices in the line of your profeſſion, than by other printers, and in ſome inſtances your charges have been leſs."

For the MARYLAND GAZETTE.

CLOSET REFLECTIONS.

THERE cannot a greater judgment befal a country, than ſuch a dreadful ſpirit of diviſion as rends a government into two diſtinct people, and makes them greater ſtrangers and more averſe to one another than if they were actually two different nations. The effects of ſuch a diviſion are pernicious to the laſt degree, not only with regard to thoſe advantages which they give the common enemy, but to thoſe private evils which they produce in the heart of almoſt every particular perſon. This influence is very fatal both to men's morals and their underſtandings; it ſinks the virtue of a nation; and not only ſo, but deſtroys even common ſenſe. A furious party ſpirit, when it rages in its full violence, exerts itſelf in civil war and bloodſhed, and when it is under its greateſt reſtraints, naturally breaks out in falſehood, detraction, calumny, and a partial adminiſtration of juſtice. In a word, it fills a nation with ſpleen and rancour, and extinguiſhes all the ſeeds of good nature, compaſſion and humanity. Plutarch ſays very finely, that a man ſhould not allow himſelf to hate even his enemies, becauſe, ſays he, if you indulge this paſſion in ſome occaſions, it will riſe in itſelf in others; if you hate your enemies, you will contract ſuch a vicious habit of mind as by degrees will break out upon thoſe who are your friends, or thoſe who are indifferent to you. If this party ſpirit has ſo ill an effect upon our morals, it has likewiſe a very great one upon our judgements. We often hear a poor inſipid paper or pamphlet cried up and ſometimes a noble piece depreciated, by thoſe who are of a different principle from the author. One who is actuated by this ſpirit is almoſt under an incapacity of diſcerning either real blemiſhes or beauties. A man of merit in a different principle, is like an object ſeen in two different mediums, that appears crooked or broken, however ſtraight and entire it may be in itſelf. Knowledge and learning ſuffer in a particular manner from this ſtrange prejudice, which at preſent prevails amongſt all ranks and degrees. As men formerly became eminent in learned ſocieties by their parts and acquiſitions, they now diſtinguiſh themſelves by the warmth and violence with which they eſpouſe their reſpective parties.

For my own part, I could heartily wiſh, that all honeſt men would enter into an aſſociation for the ſupport of one another againſt the endeavours of thoſe whom they ought to look upon as their common enemies, whatſoever ſide they may belong to. Were there ſuch an honeſt body of neutral forces, we ſhould never ſee the worſt of men in great figures of life, becauſe they are uſeful to a party, nor the beſt unregarded, becauſe they are above practiſing thoſe methods which would be grateful to their faction. We ſhould then ſingle every criminal out of the herd, and hunt him down, however formidable and overgrown he might appear; on the contrary, we ſhould ſhelter diſtreſſed innocence, and defend virtue, however beſet with contempt or ridicule, envy or defamation. In ſhort, we ſhould no longer regard our fellow-ſubjects as whigs or tories, but ſhould make the man of merit our friend.

SOLON.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, on Monday the 14th day of December, inſtant, at the late dwelling of ABRAHAM CLAUDE, near the church, in the city of Annapolis,

ALL the perſonal property of the ſaid ABRAHAM CLAUDE, deceaſed, conſiſting of beds, bed-ſteads, and their furniture, alſo ſeveral clocks, watches, and a quantity of jewellery, together with a variety of houſehold furniture. The ſale will commence at 10 o'clock, and continue until the whole is ſold. The terms of ſale are ready CASH.

ELIZABETH CLAUDE, Adminiſtratrix.

December 8, 1801. 1X

To be SOLD by AUCTION, upon the premiſes, on Friday the firſt day of January next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day thereafter,

THAT well known TAVERN and plantation, now in the occupation of JOHN WOODARD, upon the road from Baltimore to Annapolis, and where the ſtage ſtops to dine on its return from Annapolis to Baltimore. The premiſes have undergone a thorough repair, and are in complete order for the buſineſs.

There are few better ſtands in Maryland for a tavern, the general government being removed to the City of Waſhington has cauſed a greater intercourſe between that place by way of Annapolis and Baltimore than heretofore.

The payments will be made accommodating, a credit will be given for part of the purchaſe money, the purchaſer giving bond, with ſecurity, and immediate poſſeſſion given, by

NATHAN VENNUMS.

N. B. If not ſold, it will be rented, and poſſeſſion given as above; the corn upon the premiſes, and a parcel of manure in the yard, with the crop of rye now growing, will be ſold on the ſame day. Sale to begin at 11 o'clock, forenoon.

December 8, 1801. Jno Woodard

By the COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES and COURTS of JUSTICE.

THE COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES & COURTS of JUSTICE will ſit every day, during the preſent ſeſſion, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon. 6

By order,

JOSEPH HARWOOD, Clk.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Mrs MARY DULANY, deceaſed, or to WALTER DULANY, Eſq; late of this city, are requeſted to make immediate payment to the ſubſcriber, thoſe who have claims againſt either of the above will produce them, legally authenticated, to

R. K. WATTS.

Annapolis, December 8, 1801.

To be RENTED,

THAT commodious dwelling-houſe, lately occupied by WALTER DULANY, Eſq; in this city, to which belongs an excellent garden, good lots for clover, out houſes, &c. For terms apply to,

R. K. WATTS.

Annapolis, December 8, 1801.

THE ſubſcriber begs leave to inform his friends and cuſtomers, and the public in general, that he has removed from the tavern, known by the name or Rawlings's Tavern, to the houſe lately occupied by capt. John Battee, about two hundred yards from ſaid tavern, where he intends to carry on the ſaid buſineſs, being well provided with every neceſſary for the accommodation of man and horſe, and by his aſſidnity and attention hopes to merit their future encouragement. 1 & 7/6

THOMAS ELLIOTT.

NOTICE.

THIS is to give notice, that the ſubſcriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Prince-George's county, in Maryland, letters of adminiſtration on the perſonal eſtate of Doctor RICHARD J. DUCKETT, late of ſaid county deceaſed; all perſons having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed are hereby warned to exhibit the ſame, on or before the firſt day of March next, with the vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcriber, otherwiſe they may be excluded from all benefit of ſaid eſtate; and all perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate are earneſtly requeſted to make immediate payment of their debts. As there are a number of balances due on the medical books of the deceaſed, Doctor Clement Smith, Doctor Richard Duckett, and Mr. John M'Gill, are ſeverally authoriſed to receive payment of ſuch accounts as may be handed in by them reſpectively.

ISAAC DUCKETT, Adminiſtrator of RICHARD J. DUCKETT.

Prince-George's county, November 21, 1801.

Twenty-four Dollars Reward,

FOR BETT, the property of a Mr. BASS, ſhe was formerly the property of Samuel Harriſon, and broke gaol in June laſt, ſhe is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and very woolly about the breaſt. Any perſon who takes up the ſaid negro, and puts her in the gaol of Anne-Arundel county, ſhall receive the above reward.

JAMES HUNTER.

December 10, 1801.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to petion the general aſſembly, during the preſent ſeſſion, to releaſe me from debts which I am unable to pay. 2

SAMUEL B. BEALL.

JUST RECEIVED,

And for SALE at the Printing-Office,

Price, three eighths of a dollar.

THE

GREAT ERROR

OF

American Agriculture Expoſed,

AND

HINTS FOR IMPROVEMENT SUGGESTED. 3

By THOMAS MOORE,

Of Montgomery county, State of Maryland.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply to Anne-Arundel county court, in April next, for a commiſſion to mark and bound a tract of land, lying in ſaid county, called SANDGATE, agreeably to the act for marking and bounding lands. 3

WILLIAM GLOVER.

Annapolis, November 24, 1801.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply to the general aſſembly of Maryland for an act of inſolvency. 5

HENRY THOMPSON,

Charles county.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the general aſſembly of Maryland for an act of inſolvency. 3X

JOSEPH BOONE.

Prince-George's county, November 5, 1801.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the general aſſembly of Marlyland for an act of inſolvency.

THOMAS BOONE.

Prince-George's county, November 5, 1801.

Mr. Thomas Boone joined me in being ſpecial bail for the late John Nicholſon, after he had left me, for upwards of fourteen thouſand dollars, which we are now liable for, and is the cauſe of his wiſhing an act of inſolvency with me; it is well known the many heavy loſſes I have ſuſtained by the ſaid Mr. Nicholſon, and with reluctance indeed has it at laſt forced me to take this ſtep for relief. 3X

JOSEPH BOONE.

This is to give notice,

That the subscribers hath obtained an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, for the sale of all the personal estate of ROBERT JOHN SMITH, late of the said county, deceased, therefore, agreeably to the said order, the subscribers will, on Tuesday the fifteenth day of December next, if fair, or the first fair day, expose to sale, on the premises,

ALL the property of the said deceased, consisting of three negro men and a negro woman, household furniture, plantation utensils, and the stock, such as horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, corn, hay, fodder, and other articles too tedious to mention.

JOHN SMITH,
ROBERT A. SMITH, } Executors.

November 9, 1801. 5 X

By the COMMITTEE of CLAIMS.

THE COMMITTEE of CLAIMS will sit every day, during the present session, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order,

6 ZACH. DUVALL, Clk.

THOMAS SHAW,

HAS RECEIVED, AND OFFERS FOR SALE,

At his store, near the Stadt-House,

A small quantity of plated ware, viz.

OVAL and octagon tea-pots,
ditto ditto coffee-pots,
Goblets,
Castors,
Patent candlesticks,
Common ditto,
Snuffers and snuffer trays,
Salts. Also,
Reeves's patent water colours in boxes,
Camel's hair and black lead pencils,
Pallets and colour tyles,
India ink and rubber,
Cases of instruments.

Morocco purses, pocket books and thread cases, writing and letter paper, quills, wafers, &c. inkstands, ink-powder, pounce boxes and pounce, backgammon tables, quadrille boxes, dice boxes and dice, ladies dressing glasses and dressing boxes, tea caddies, caddy shells, and decanter stands.

A few pair of handsome brass andirons, shovels, tongs, coal hods, Japanned plate warmers and knife trays, wire fenders with brass tops, paper and Japanned tea boards.

A small assortment of hollow glass ware, consisting of decanters, tumblers, wines, punch glasses, rummers and salts.

Entry and chamber lamps, with boxes of wicks, locks, hinges, bolts, screws, nails, &c.

A few cheap cloths and cassimers, which, with sundry other articles, will be disposed of on reasonable terms.

Annapolis, November 25, 1801. 3

Printing-Office, Annapolis.

PAYMENTS are earnestly solicited from all persons indebted to this office, and in a particular manner from those debtors who reside in the city of Annapolis, and in Anne-Arundel county. Necessity alone induces this second application, and it is sincerely hoped it will be noticed, and attended to.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply to Saint-Mary's county court, in March next, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land, lying in said county, called GILMOTH'S HILL, agreeably to the act for marking and bounding lands.

JOSEPH FORD.

November 25, 1801. 3

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, a negro man named DAVY, who calls himself DAVID ROSS, formerly the property of John H. Stone, Esquire, he is about twenty-two or three years of age, five feet six or seven inches high, his teeth are uncommonly wide apart, and when he laughs turns up his upper lip; he has had a stone bruise on one of his feet, which has probably left a scar, has a bushy head of wool, which he sometimes wears platted. Whoever takes up the said negro, and brings him to me at Stepney, in Anne-Arundel county, shall receive the above reward. All captains of vessels, and others, are hereby forewarned carrying off or harbouring the said slave.

3X RICHARD WHITE.

ALL persons having just claims against the estate of the late HENRY NELSON, Esq; deceased, of Anne-Arundel county, are requested to exhibit them, legally authenticated, and all persons indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment to me.

RACHEL NELSON, Executrix.

Elk-Ridge, September 24, 1801. X

NOTICE,

THE partnership of LUSBY and TUCK is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

N. B. WILLIAM TUCK respectfully informs his friends, and the public, that he still carries on the cabinet business in this city, and hopes by his attention and punctuality to merit their patronage.

Annapolis, Corn-Hill-street, October 6, 1801. 7

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general assembly for this state, for an act to authorise me to build a bridge across the Susquehanna Canal, to enable me to pass from one part of my land to another.

X HEDWICK HOLLYDAY.

Cæcil county, October 10, 1801.

By the LEVY COURT of BALTIMORE COUNTY, August 12th, 1801.

RESOLVED, That the inspector of tobacco at Fell's Point, in the city of Baltimore, pass no tobacco in hogsheads, the size and dimensions of which are not agreeable to the act of assembly, establishing and fixing the same.

"Act of November session, 1789, chapter 26, section 35, And, for preventing packing of tobacco in unsizeable casks, *Be it enacted*, That no tobacco shall be passed or accounted lawful tobacco, except tobacco in parcels, unless the same shall be packed in hogsheads not exceeding forty-eight inches in the length of the stave, and seventy inches in the whole diameter within the staves at the crose and bulge; and the owner of tobacco packed in any hogshead of greater dimensions, shall repack the same in sizeable hogsheads, as herein before expressed, at his own expence, before the same shall be passed.

The editors of news-papers in Alexandria, Frederick-town, Hagar's-town, George-town, Easton and Annapolis, are requested to publish the aforegoing resolution in their respective papers once a week for eight weeks successively, and transmit their accounts to the levy court of Baltimore county for payment.

By order,

X WILLIAM GIBSON, Clerk.

THE subscriber being appointed trustee by the honourable the High Court of Chancery for the purpose of selling and conveying a tract of land mortgaged by Samuel Hanson and John B. Hanson, of Charles county, to Joseph Riddle and James Dall, merchants, of Alexandria, will offer the said land for sale, on the premises, on Tuesday the 22d day of December next, if fair, if not on the first fair day thereafter; this land lies on the Patowmack river, in Charles county, about thirty miles below Alexandria, is well adapted to the produce of wheat, tobacco, and Indian corn, has on it an excellent fishery, contains about eight hundred acres, and is, perhaps, better supplied with wood and timber than any tract of its size on the river. The land will be sold in lots, or entire, as may best suit those who are interested in the sale, and the purchaser will be required to pay the money immediately, or on the ratification of the sale by the chancellor.

HENRY H. CHAPMAN, Trustee.

Charles county, October 21, 1801. 7

NOTICE

IS hereby given to all whom it may concern, that I intend to petition the next general assembly for a divorce from my wife Elisabeth Leuder Gauline, for the reasons therein to be mentioned.

October 4, 1801. X J. B. GAULINE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at the ensuing session, for an act to relieve him from debts which he is unable to pay.

X JOSEPH BOARMAN, of RAPHAEL.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that I shall petition the general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency.

7 THOMAS BOND.

Saint-Mary's county, September 10, 1801.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, a negro woman named MILLEY, about twenty-two years of age, and five feet high, is likely, and of a yellowish complexion; she has been seen at her mother's, near Mr. Ridout's mill, on the north side of Severn river, where it is likely she will be harboured. The above reward will be given for bringing her home, or securing her in any gaol, so that I get her again.

SETH SWEETSER.

Annapolis, October 20, 1801. 7

LUSBY AND DAVIS,

Cabinet-Makers, Cornhill-street,

ANNAPOLIS.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends, and the public, that they carry on the above business in the house lately occupied by Mr. JOSEPH BREWER, where any person may be furnished with mahogany and walnut furniture, on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms.

Orders from the country will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

October 20, 1801. 6

STEPHEN RUMMELLS,

Boot and Shoe-Maker,

Corn-Hill-street, Annapolis,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public at large, and his customers in particular, for past favours, and hopes they will continue their custom as usual, he assures them that nothing shall be wanting on his part to give complete satisfaction. He has laid in the best materials, and will execute his work in the neatest manner. Gentlemen may suit themselves with good and serviceable shoes for servants, on the usual credit.

X

ADVERTISEMENT.

By virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court of this State, passed at December term, 1800, for the sale of the real estate of SAMUEL LANE, late of Calvert county, deceased, in which the subscriber is appointed trustee for making sale thereof,

Notice is hereby given, that the said real estate will be OFFERED at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Monday the 14th day of December next, in separate parcels, as follows, to wit:

PART of a tract of land lying in Calvert county, near Lyon's Creek, called HORNSHAM, containing 228 acres, on which there is a large and convenient framed dwelling-house, with a passage and four rooms on each floor, with convenient out-houses, and a good orchard.

A tract of land called PURNELL'S ANGLES, lying in Anne-Arundel county, containing 157½ acres, on which there are negro quarters, tobacco-houses, &c.

Part of HARRISON'S ENLARGEMENT, lying in Anne-Arundel county, containing 118½ acres.

Part of GRAMMER'S CHANCE, lying in Anne-Arundel county, containing 130 acres, on which there is a large and convenient framed dwelling-house, with other improvements, at present in the occupation of SAMUEL LANE SMITH.

TARAPIN ISLAND, lying in Anne-Arundel county, containing 20½ acres.

A small piece of land, lying in Anne-Arundel county, adjoining the lands held by Mr. Samuel Harrison and Mr. Lewis Griffith, called the FIRST DISCOVERY, containing 1 acre and 75 square perches.

Another piece of land, nearly adjoining thereto, called the SECOND DISCOVERY, containing 146 square perches.

Another piece of land, nearly adjoining, called the THIRD DISCOVERY, containing 130 square perches.

An undivided moiety of a lot in Pig-Point, on which is erected a valuable framed house, which has been used as a store, with a kitchen, &c.

A more particular description of the above lands has been deemed unnecessary, as those inclined to purchase will have an opportunity of viewing them; but a careful survey has been made, and the plat will be shewn at the sale.

The sale will commence at 11 o'clock, A. M. and will be held at the present dwelling of Mr. Samuel Lane Smith, on one of the parcels above described, to wit: Grammer's Chance. The purchaser or purchasers must give bond, with security, to the subscriber as trustee, for paying the purchase money, with interest, within fifteen months from the time of sale; and, upon obtaining the chancellor's ratification of any sale so to be made, and upon the receipt of the purchase money, the subscriber, as trustee, by a good deed, indented, will give, grant, bargain and sell, release and confirm, to the purchaser or purchasers, and his, her or their heirs, the land to him, her or them sold; that is to say, all the right, title, interest and estate therein and thereto, which hath descended from the said Samuel Lane, deceased, to his heirs, mentioned in the petition which is referred to in the said decree; and upon the due acknowledgement and recording of the said deed, the purchaser or purchasers, his, her or their assigns, shall thereupon be entitled to the said lands, so conveyed to his, her or their only use, free, clear and discharged, from claims of the defendants in the said decree referred to, or any of them claiming by, from or under, the deceased, mediately or immediately.

The creditors of the deceased Samuel Lane are hereby notified, that they are to exhibit to the chancery-office their respective claims, with all the proofs and vouchers to establish the same, within four months from the aforesaid day of sale.

6X WILLIAM KILTY, Trustee.

November 2, 1801.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE heirs of the late JOHN ROGERS having petitioned the Chancellor of Maryland for a division or sale of the real estate, and, (on a return of a commission, stating that the same would not admit of division,) the chancellor having decreed a sale thereof, and appointed the subscriber trustee for that purpose,

Notice is hereby given, that he will, on Wednesday the sixteenth day of December next, offer at public auction the part of the said real estate which was not disposed of at the sale in August last, under the decree aforesaid, to wit: A large and convenient brick dwelling-house in the city of Annapolis, with cellars, kitchen, meat-house, carriage-house, stables, &c. and a garden, now occupied by John Davidson, Esquire, and rented to him until the 15th of April, 1802.

The sale of this property will be held at Mr. Caton's tavern, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

The purchaser must give bond, with security, to the subscriber as trustee, for paying one fourth of the purchase money, (with interest from the time of sale,) within six months, one other fourth within twelve months, and the residue within two years, from the time of sale, and on obtaining the chancellor's ratification, and on receipt of the purchase money, the subscriber, as trustee, will convey to the purchaser all the right, title and interest, which the said John Rogers had in the said property, and which descended to his children.

WILLIAM KILTY.

November 2, 1801. 6X

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to the next general assembly for an act of insolvency.

HENRY RIDGELY, of H[illegible]

October 29, 1801. 6

GIDEON WHITE,

HAS RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,

From LEE's and Co. Patent and Family medicine ſtore, Baltimore.

A freſh ſupply of the following valuable medicines;

HAMILTON's WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

Four years have ſcarcely elapſed ſince the introduction of HAMILTON's WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES into general uſe, yet in this ſhort period upwards of *one hundred and twenty thousand* perſons of both ſexes, of every age, and in every ſituation have received benefit from this extraordinary remedy, in various complaints ariſing from worms, and from obſtructions in the ſtomach and bowels.

This medicine, which is as innocent and mild, as it is certain and efficacious in its operation, cannot injure the youngeſt infant, or the moſt delicate pregnant lady, ſhould no worms exiſt in the body; but will, without pain or griping, cleanſe the ſtomach and bowels, removing whatever is foul or offenſive within, particularly that ſlimy humour from whence worms and many fatal diſorders proceed.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerneſs; having a pleaſing appearance, and an agreeable taſte.

A doſe of this medicine given occaſionally will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of children, a dreadful diſorder which annually deſtroys thouſands of the infant part of our cities. It is likewiſe the mildeſt and moſt certain remedy known, and has reſtored to health and ſtrength a great number when in an advanced ſtage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain inſtructions are given for every part of the neceſſary treatment in ſuch caſes.

The celebrity acquired by the Worm Lozenges, particularly in the ſtate of Maryland, renders the further publication of certificates in their favour, an unneceſſary expence.

HAMILTON's

Essense and Extract of Mustard,

A ſafe and effectual remedy for the rheumatiſms, gout, palſey, ſprains and bruiſes, white ſwellings, old ſtrains and relaxations, numbneſs and weakneſs of the joints, ſtiffneſs of the neck, pains of the ſide, head-ache, ſwelled faces, frozen limbs, and every ſimilar complaint. It prevents chilblains, or chopped hands, and the ill effects of getting wet and damp in the feet.

The extract is celebrated for removing cold and windy complaints in the ſtomach and bowels, flying pains and other ſpaſmodic affections.

The teſtimony of thouſands and daily experience, ſufficiently prove the ſuperiority of the above medicine over all others in the cure of the maladies we have enumerated.

HAMILTON's ELIXIR.

A ſovereign remedy for colds, obſtinate coughs, aſthmas, catarrhs, ſore throats and approaching conſumptions.

To parents who may have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH, this diſcovery is of the firſt magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progreſs and in a ſhort time entirely removes the moſt cruel diſorder to which children are liable; the Elixir is perfectly agreeable and the doſe ſo ſmall, that no difficulty ariſes in taking it.

Dr. HAMILTON's
GRAND RESTORATIVE

IS recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the ſpeedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which reſult from diſſipated pleaſures—juvenile indiſcretions—reſidence in climates unfavourable—the conſtitution—the immoderate uſe of tea, frequent intoxication, or any other deſtructive intemperance to the unſkilful or exceſſive uſe of mercury—the diſeaſes peculiar to females, at a certain period of life—bad layings in, &c. &c.

In caſes of extremity where the long prevalence and obſtinacy of diſeaſe has brought on a general impoveriſhment of the ſyſtem, exceſſive debility of the whole frame, and a waſting of the fleſh which no nouriſhment or cordial could repair, a perſeverance in the uſe of this medicine has performed the moſt aſtoniſhing cures.

Dr. HAHN's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

The operation of theſe pills is perfectly mild, ſo as to be uſed with ſafety by perſons, in every ſituation, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off ſuperfluous bile, and prevents its morbid ſecretions; to reſtore and mend the appetite; to procure a free perſpiration, and thereby prevent colds, which are often attended with fatal conſequences; a doſe never fails to remove a cold, if taken on its firſt appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual coſtiveneſs, ſickneſs at the ſtomach, and ſevere head-ache, and ought to be taken by all perſons on a change of climate.

THE SOVEREIGN OINTMENT
FOR THE ITCH.

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application, and may be uſed with perfect ſafety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury, or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting ſmart which attends the application of other remedies.

Dr. HAHN's GENUINE WATER.

A ſovereign remedy for all diſeaſes of the eyes, whether the effects of natural weakneſs or of accident, ſpeedily removing inflammations, deſtumors of rheum, dullneſs, itching, and films on the eyes, never failing to cure thoſe maladies which frequently ſucceed the ſmall-pox, meazles, and fevers, and wonderfully ſtrengthening a weak ſight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, *when nearly deprived of sight.*

TOOTH-ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet diſcovered which gives immediate and laſting relief in the moſt ſevere inſtances.

THE ANODYNE ELIXIR.

For the cure of every kind of head-ache.

THE DAMASK LIP-SALVE

Is recommended (particularly to the ladies) as an elegant and pleaſant preparation for chopped and ſore lips, and every blemiſh and inconvenience occaſioned by colds, fevers, &c. ſpeedily reſtoring a beautiful roſy colour and delicate ſoftneſs to the lips.

The Restorative Powder
FOR THE TEETH AND GUMS.

This excellent preparation comforts and ſtrengthens the gums, preſerves the enamel from decay, and cleanſes and whitens the teeth, abſorbing all that acrimonious ſlime and foulneſs, which ſuffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

THE PERSIAN LOTION,

So celebrated amongst the fashionable throughout Europe,

As an invaluable coſmetic, perfectly innocent and ſafe, free from any corroſive and repellent minerals, (the baſis of other lotions) and of unparallelled efficacy in preventing and removing cutaneous blemiſhes of the face and ſkin of every kind, particularly freckles, pimples, inflammatory redneſs, ſcurfs, tetters, ringworms, ſunburns, prickly heat, premature wrinkles, &c.

The Perſian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding that natural, inſenſible perſpiration which is eſſential to the health—Yet its ſalutary effects are ſpeedy and permanent, rendering the ſkin delicately ſoft and ſmooth, improving the complexion and reſtoring the bloom of youth. Never failing to render an ordinary countenance beautiful, and an handſome one more ſo.

Dr. Hahn's true and genuine
GERMAN CORN PLASTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, ſpeedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

CHURCH's GENUINE COUGH DROPS.

INFALLIBLE AGUE and FEVER DROPS.

Thouſands can teſtify of their being cured by theſe drops, after the bark and every other medicine has proved ineffectual; and not one in an hundred has had occaſion to take more than one, and numbers not half a bottle.

Extract of a letter from Dr. Henry C. Soper.

"Kent county, Delaware.

"I have given the ague drops to a number of patients this fall, and with conſtant ſucceſs; in ſome obſtinate caſes they acted like a charm; the diſeaſe yielding in a day or two to this remedy, after reſiſting the bark for months, and when they had been thrown in, in the largeſt doſes."

For the cure of venereal complaints.

The patent Indian Vegetable Specific, prepared by Dr. Leroux.

GOWLAND's LOTION.

ANDERSON's PILLS, &c. &c.

Thoſe who wiſh to purchaſe any of the above articles are cautioned againſt the impoſition of inferior medicines, and to inquire for them only of *Mr. Gideon White.* 4

Wholeſale purchaſers allowed a liberal profit by addreſſing to Rd. Lee, and Co. Baltimore.

FOR SALE,

ABOUT 350 acres of valuable LAND, lying on a creek of Herring Bay, in Anne-Arundel county, 16 miles from Annapolis, 50 from Baltimore, and 32 from the City of Waſhington; this land is as fertile as any in the ſtate, a healthy ſituation, as beautiful a proſpect as is on the Cheſapeake Bay, a good harbour, a fine ſituation for ſhip building, an excellent ſtand for a retail ſtore, being in a good neighbourhood, and within a few hours ſail of Baltimore; the waters afford excellent fiſh, crabs, oyſters, and wild fowl; the buildings are valuable, a good dwelling-houſe, 90 feet long, with more than twenty good out houſes, yards, gardens, and clover lots, 600 bearing apple trees, the fruit equal to any in the ſtate, a peach orchard, cherries, damſens, plumbs, and nectarinds. Part of the purchaſe money muſt be paid, and the balance ſecured by good bonds, on poſſeſſion being given. The land may be purchaſed at private ſale before the firſt day of November, if not ſold the advertiſement will be continued, and the land ſold at public ſale, at the ſubſcriber's dwelling-houſe, on the 21ſt day of December next, at 12 o'clock, if fair, if not the firſt fair day.

DAVID WEEMS.

October 8, 1801. 8

NEW GOODS.

Now opening at the ſubſcriber's ſtore, oppoſite Meſſrs. Turner and Smith, Church-ſtreet, Annapolis,

A general aſſortment of FALL and WINTER GOODS, among which are,

BROAD and ſecond cloths, Bath coatings, plains, half-thicks, roſe and match-coat blankets, carpets, &c. fancy cords, velverets, corduroys, thickſets, ſwandowns, &c. red, yellow, and white flannels, blue, green, brown, and black bombaſets and ſtriped wildbores, moreens, durants and Joans, dimities, muſlins, humhums, calicoes, ſhawls, black and fancy pattern'd ſilk handkerchiefs, men and womens' worſted and cotton hoſe, men and boys hats, Iriſh linens, from 3s. to 7s. 6d. per yard, German dowlas, ticklenburgs, oſnabrigs, &c.

A very extenſive aſſortment of the beſt manufactured tin wares, warranted good, Japanned ditto. Likewiſe maſters of veſſels and planters ſupplied in ten minutes with *slops*, warranted well made, and at the moſt reduced prices. As the ſubſcriber conſtantly keeps up a very general aſſortment of blank books of all ſizes, ſchool ditto, paper, wax and wafers, playing cards. &c.

GROCERIES.

Antigua ſpirit, New-England rum, French brandy, Holland's gin, whiſkey, hyſon, hyſon-ſkin and ſouchong teas, loaf, lump and brown ſugars, pepper, powder and ſhot, tobacco, and ſnuff, all of which he offers for ſale on the loweſt terms, and flatters himſelf they will give general ſatisfaction.

STEPHEN CLARK.

October 21, 1801. 6

IN conſequence of a report which has been circulated reſpecting my leaving this place, I take this method of informing my friends in particular, and the public in general, that I mean to carry on the tanning buſines as uſual, and at the ſame place. I am now prepared to receive hides to tan from thoſe who will pleaſe to favour me with their cuſtom, on the following terms, to wit: Hides at 16*s.* each, or one half for the other, kip-ſkins at 11/3 each, and calf-ſkins at 5/7½, and will purchaſe at the market price, as will ſuit. I hope my former attention will merit a continuance of the favour of my cuſtomers, and it ſhall be my conſtant endeavour to give general ſatisfaction.

W. W. NORMAN.

N. B. The above leather will be finiſhed in the neateſt manner for ſhoe-makers and all other of my cuſtomers.

Annapolis, October 24, 1801. 5

NOTICE,

THE partnerſhip of TURNER and SMITH being diſſolved on the 21ſt ult. all perſons indebted to the firm are requeſted to make payment to the ſubſcriber, who is authoriſed to ſettle the ſame, and thoſe having claims againſt the ſaid firm are deſired to preſent them for payment.

ROBERT A. SMITH.

Annapolis, October 5, 1801. 9

Slave in Cuſtody.

COMMITTED to Saint-Mary's county gaol, on the 12th of September, 1801, as a runaway, a negro man, about forty years of age, by the name of FRANK, about five feet ſix inches high, very black, and has loſt part of his fore teeth, ſays he belongs to a Kinsey Giddins, of Montgomery county; his cloathing an oſnabrig ſhirt, and country cotton trouſers, an old red plaiſh waiſtcoat, one old red ſtriped ditto, an old hat and ſhoes. His maſter is requeſted to pay his fees and take him away, or he will be ſold as the law directs.

FRANCIS MILLARD, Sheriff of Saint-Mary's county.

September 19, 1801. 9

COMMITTED to Anne-Arundel county gaol on the fourth day of September laſt, a negro man by the name of TOM, as a runaway, who ſays he is free, and is from the State of Virginia; this fellow is about 5 feet 8 inches high, ſpeaks broken Engliſh, and appears to be about 40 years of age; his cloathing a coarſe cloth coat, a green and yellow cotton callico ditto, oſnabrig ſhirt and trouſers, a pair of coarſe ſhoes and ſtockings, no other apparel. The owner is requeſted to come and take him away, and pay all charges, or he will be ſold for his priſon fees.

HENRY HOWARD, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

October 1, 1801. 9

COMMITTED to my cuſtody, on the 7th inſt. a negro lad who calls himſelf PETER, and ſays he ran away from a Mrs. Gray, of Baltimore-town, in the ſpring of the year 1800; Peter appears to be 18 or 20 years of age, about five feet one inch high, ſlender made, has loſt all the toes from his left foot, and part from his right, ſays he was brought from the Weſt-Indies when ſmall by a captain Fale, and left with the above-mentioned Mrs. Gray; his cloathing is a Ruſſia ſheeting ſhirt, ſtriped nankeen coat, ſtuff jacket, old coarſe hat. His owner, if any, is requeſted to take him away, otherwiſe he will be ſold for his priſon fees, and other charges.

THOMAS PRICE, Sheriff of Charles county.

October 20, 1801. 5

ANNAPOLIS:
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